

## Test Report N° 20-0371-04

### DETERMINATION OF BACTERIAL FILTRATION EFFICIENCY (BFE)

#### Sample description

# Denomination: FP5 SAFECOMFORT MASCHERA FACCIALE  
# Code: 88001  
# Lot: A00120  
# Sterilization: No  
Receipt number: 15358  
Receipt date: 02/04/2020  
Sampling carried out by: AXELMED S.R.L.

#### Further information about the sample

Number of tested samples: 5  
Side of the test sample facing the challenge aerosol: the internal part.

#### Test date

The test was started on 08-04-2020 and was completed on 10-04-2020

#### Test method

EN 14683:2019 Annex B

#### Equipments and reagents

Vacuum pump "GEO Air Plus"  
Modified Andersen Cascade Impactor "TE-20-830"  
MMAD nebulizer  $3,0 \pm 0,3 \mu\text{m}$   
Culture plates containing TSA

#### Summary of method

Before the start of the test, the samples were conditioned at  $22 \pm 2^\circ \text{C}$  in the presence of  $80 \pm 10\%$  R H for 4 hours. A negative control is performed by passing air, without addition of the bacterial challenge, through the cascade impactor for 2 minutes.

Then the bacterial challenge of Staphylococcus Aureus ATCC 6538, with a concentration of 5280 CFU / ml, is introduced into the spray chamber.

A first positive control is performed, by passing the bacterial challenge through the cascade impactor at a flow rate of  $28,3 \pm 0,5 \text{ l/min}$  for 1 minute. The airflow is maintained through the cascade impactor for 1 additional minute, for a total test time of 2 minutes.

The control plates are removed from the cascade impactor and fresh plates are placed in order to perform the test on the test samples.

The specimen is clamped in place between the first stage of the cascade impactor and the inlet cone of the nebulization collector and the procedure used for the positive control is repeated for each of the 5 specimens to be tested.

After the last specimen has been tested, a further positive control run is performed.

Then all the plates are incubated at  $37 \pm 2^\circ \text{C}$  for a length of time between 24 and 72 hours.

After the incubation, for each specimen and control run, the number of colonies is counted in order to give the total number of CFU collected by the cascade impactor.

The Bacterial Filtration Efficiency (BFE) is calculated for each test specimen, as a percentage, using the following formula:

$$\text{BFE} = [(C - T) / C] \times 100$$

where

C is the mean of the total plate counts for the two positive control runs;

T is the total plate count for the test specimen

**Results**

<b>Determination</b>	<b>Amount of collected CFU</b>	<b>BFE (%)</b>	<b>BFE (%) Limit Type I</b>	<b>BFE (%) Limit Type II</b>
Negative control	0.0			
Positive control run 1	1964.0			
Positive control run 2	1729.0			
Positive control average	1846.5			
Test 1	1.0			
Test 2	2.0			
Test 3	3.0			
Test 4	0.0			
Test 5	0.0			
<b>Sample average</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>99.9</b>	<b>≥ 95</b>	<b>≥ 98</b>

## Test Report N° 20-0372-02

### DETERMINATION OF BACTERIAL FILTRATION EFFICIENCY (BFE)

#### Sample description

# Denomination: FP5 SAFECOMFORT MASCHERA FACCIALE  
**(Sample N°2 machine washed for 5 cycles of 1 hour - 40°C)**

# Code: 88001

# Lot: A00120

# Sterilization: No

Receipt number: 15359

Receipt date: 02/04/2020

Sampling carried out by: AXELMED S.R.L.

#### Further information about the sample

Number of tested samples: 1

Side of the test sample facing the challenge aerosol: The internal part

#### Test date

The test was started on 09-04-2020 and was completed on 11-04-2020

#### Test method

EN 14683:2019 Annex B

#### Equipments and reagents

Vacuum pump "GEO Air Plus"

Modified Andersen Cascade Impactor "TE-20-830"

MMAD nebulizer  $3,0 \pm 0,3 \mu\text{m}$

Culture plates containing TSA

#### Summary of method

Before the start of the test, the samples were conditioned at  $25 \pm 2^\circ \text{C}$  in the presence of  $75 \pm 10\%$  R H.

A negative control is performed by passing air, without addition of the bacterial challenge, through the cascade impactor for 2 minutes.

Then the bacterial challenge of Staphylococcus Aureus ATCC 6538, with a concentration of 2300 UFC/ml, is introduced into the spray chamber.

A first positive control is performed, by passing the bacterial challenge through the cascade impactor at a flow rate of  $28,3 \pm 0,5 \text{ l/min}$  for 1 minute. The airflow is maintained through the cascade impactor for 1 additional minute, for a total test time of 2 minutes.

The control plates are removed from the cascade impactor and fresh plates are placed in order to perform the test on the test samples.

The specimen is clamped in place between the first stage of the cascade impactor and the inlet cone of the nebulization collector and the procedure used for the positive control is repeated for each of the 5 specimens to be tested.

After the last specimen has been tested, a further positive control run is performed.

Then all the plates are incubated at  $37 \pm 2^\circ \text{C}$  for a length of time between 24 and 72 hours.

After the incubation, for each specimen and control run, the number of colonies is counted in order to give the total number of CFU collected by the cascade impactor.

The Bacterial Filtration Efficiency (BFE) is calculated for each test specimen, as a percentage, using the following formula:

$$\text{BFE} = [(C - T) / C] \times 100$$

where

C is the mean of the total plate counts for the two positive control runs;

T is the total plate count for the test specimen

**Results**

<b>Determination</b>	<b>Amount of collected CFU</b>	<b>BFE (%)</b>	<b>BFE (%) Limit Type I</b>	<b>BFE (%) Limit Type II</b>
Negative control	0.0			
Positive control run 1	2212.0			
Positive control run 2	2052.0			
Positive control average	2132.0			
Test sample	0.0			
<b>Sample average</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>≥ 95</b>	<b>≥ 98</b>

## Test Report N° 20-0372-02

### DETERMINATION OF BACTERIAL FILTRATION EFFICIENCY (BFE)

#### Sample description

# Denomination: FP5 SAFECOMFORT MASCHERA FACCIALE  
**(Sample N°4 with autoclave sterilization for 20 cycles for 28' - 128°C)**

# Code: 88001

# Lot: A00120

# Sterilization: No

Receipt number: 15359

Receipt date: 02/04/2020

Sampling carried out by: AXELMED S.R.L.

#### Further information about the sample

Number of tested samples: 1

Side of the test sample facing the challenge aerosol: The internal part

#### Test date

The test was started on 09-04-2020 and was completed on 11-04-2020

#### Test method

EN 14683:2019 Annex B

#### Equipments and reagents

Vacuum pump "GEO Air Plus"

Modified Andersen Cascade Impactor "TE-20-830"

MMAD nebulizer  $3,0 \pm 0,3 \mu\text{m}$

Culture plates containing TSA

#### Summary of method

Before the start of the test, the samples were conditioned at  $25 \pm 2^\circ \text{C}$  in the presence of  $75 \pm 10\%$  R H.

A negative control is performed by passing air, without addition of the bacterial challenge, through the cascade impactor for 2 minutes.

Then the bacterial challenge of Staphylococcus Aureus ATCC 6538, with a concentration of 2300 UFC/ml, is introduced into the spray chamber.

A first positive control is performed, by passing the bacterial challenge through the cascade impactor at a flow rate of  $28,3 \pm 0,5 \text{ l/min}$  for 1 minute. The airflow is maintained through the cascade impactor for 1 additional minute, for a total test time of 2 minutes.

The control plates are removed from the cascade impactor and fresh plates are placed in order to perform the test on the test samples.

The specimen is clamped in place between the first stage of the cascade impactor and the inlet cone of the nebulization collector and the procedure used for the positive control is repeated for each of the 5 specimens to be tested.

After the last specimen has been tested, a further positive control run is performed.

Then all the plates are incubated at  $37 \pm 2^\circ \text{C}$  for a length of time between 24 and 72 hours.

After the incubation, for each specimen and control run, the number of colonies is counted in order to give the total number of CFU collected by the cascade impactor.

The Bacterial Filtration Efficiency (BFE) is calculated for each test specimen, as a percentage, using the following formula:

$$\text{BFE} = [(C - T) / C] \times 100$$

where

C is the mean of the total plate counts for the two positive control runs;

T is the total plate count for the test specimen

## Results

<b>Determination</b>	<b>Amount of collected CFU</b>	<b>BFE (%)</b>	<b>BFE (%) Limit Type I</b>	<b>BFE (%) Limit Type II</b>
Negative control	0.0			
Positive control run 1	2212.0			
Positive control run 2	2052.0			
Positive control average	2132.0			
Test sample	0.0			
<b>Sample average</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>≥ 95</b>	<b>≥ 98</b>